

ENTRANCE EXAMINATION FOR ADMISSION, MAY 2012.

Ph.D. (POLITICS AND INTERNATIONAL STUDIES)

COURSE CODE : 116

Register Number :

Signature of the Invigilator
(with date)

COURSE CODE : 116

Time : 2 Hours

Max : 400 Marks

Instructions to Candidates :

1. Write your Register Number within the box provided on the top of this page and fill in the page 1 of the answer sheet using pen.
2. Do not write your name anywhere in this booklet or answer sheet. Violation of this entails disqualification.
3. Read each of the question carefully and shade the relevant answer (A) or (B) or (C) or (D) in the relevant box of the ANSWER SHEET using HB pencil.
4. Avoid blind guessing. A wrong answer will fetch you -1 mark and the correct answer will fetch 4 marks.
5. Do not write anything in the question paper. Use the white sheets attached at the end for rough works.
6. Do not open the question paper until the start signal is given.
7. Do not attempt to answer after stop signal is given. Any such attempt will disqualify your candidature.
8. On stop signal, keep the question paper and the answer sheet on your table and wait for the invigilator to collect them.
9. Use of Calculators, Tables, etc. are prohibited.

1. Research methods,
 - (A) Is a term used to refer to all aspects of the implementation of methods.
 - (B) Are the procedures a researcher uses to gather information.
 - (C) Are a set of abstract concepts together with propositions.
 - (D) None of the above.

2. Functionalism describes integration via:
 - (A) The passage of supranational laws in the form of constitution.
 - (B) The growth of specialise technical organisations that cross national borders.
 - (C) The growth of bureaucracy.
 - (D) The proliferation of bi-lateral economic and security treaties.

3. There is somebody walking behind us. I think
 - (A) We are following
 - (B) We are being followed
 - (C) We are followed
 - (D) We are being following

4. A key element of liberal internationalism is the idea that...
 - (A) Democratic states will never make war under any circumstances.
 - (B) Democratic states ought to invade any country which offends against liberal principles.
 - (C) Democratic states should spend most of their income on strong armed forces to deter aggressors.
 - (D) Democratic states will not go to war with other democracies.

5. Which of the following can be directly observed using only observational methods?

(A) People's behaviour	(B) Perceptions
(C) Cognitions	(D) None of the above

6.she can't drive, she has bought a car.

(A) Even	(B) Even though
(C) Even if	(D) Even when

7. Why does climate change have the potential to affect security questions?
 - (A) It threatens to increase existing tensions between developed and developing states.
 - (B) It could lead to the mass movement of refugees from areas which are no longer inhabitable.
 - (C) Shortages of vital resources like food and water may give rise to conflict.
 - (D) All of the above.

8. Which of the following was a key opponent of mercantilism?
(A) David Rizzio (B) David Bacardi
(C) Adam Smith (D) John Maynard Keynes
9. When accessing the internet, which of these steps is the most essential?
(A) Recording the full URL
(B) Noting the access dates
(C) Downloading material to be referenced
(D) They are all equally important
10. Critical theory is...
(A) Often closely related to Marxist ideas.
(B) A reaction against Marxism.
(C) Based on a restatement of traditional liberal views.
(D) A 'realist' acceptance of global exploitation
11. Phenomenology has its disciplinary origins in:
(A) Philosophy (B) Anthropology
(C) Sociology (D) Many disciplines
12. What is neo-realism?
(A) An attempt to ignore the unpleasant realities of the world.
(B) An attempt to restate the basic ideas of realism in a more 'scientific' form.
(C) A claim that international society is basically orderly and peaceful.
(D) A claim that individual human nature is central to an understanding of international politics.
13. A review of the literature prior to formulating research questions allows the researcher to do which of the following?
(A) To become familiar with prior research on the phenomenon of interest
(B) To identify potential methodological problems in the research area
(C) To develop a list of pertinent problems relative to the phenomenon of interest
(D) All of the above
14. Research hypotheses are
(A) Formulated prior to a review of the literature
(B) Statements of predicted relationships between variables
(C) Stated such that they can be confirmed or refuted
(D) (B) and (C)

15. What is a research design?
- (A) A way of conducting research that is not grounded in theory
 (B) The choice between using qualitative or quantitative methods
 (C) The style in which you present your research findings, e.g. a graph
 (D) A framework for every stage of the collection and analysis of data
16. Which theory argues that economic integration generates political dynamic that drives integration further?
- (A) Structuralism (B) New functionalism
 (C) Corporatism (D) Disintegration
17. We're late. The film.....by the time we get to the cinema.
- (A) Will already start (B) Will be already started
 (C) Will already have started (D) None of the above
18. Environmental reformism is based on.....
- (A) An anthropocentric view of the world
 (B) An apoplectic view of the world
 (C) The view that the non-human parts of the nature are of primary importance
 (D) The view that claims that the climate change has been seriously exaggerated
19. If I were you, Ithat coat. It's much too expensive.
- (A) Won't buy (B) Don't buy
 (C) Am not going to buy (D) Wouldn't buy
20. Which of the following is a key factor which distinguishes liberalism from realism?
- (A) Realists see liberals as idealists who ignore the basic facts about human nature.
 (B) All liberals believe that human beings are rational enough to learn from their mistakes.
 (C) Realism relishes conflict, not peace.
 (D) All realists are anarchists who do not believe in the state
21. When Julia leaves school, she wants to study economics-university.
 (Use correct preposition)
- (A) In (B) At (C) By (D) for

22. Constructivists argue that...
- (A) Scientific enquiry can uncover absolute truths.
 - (B) Material forces are much more important than ideas.
 - (C) Individuals are powerless to shape the world as they find it.
 - (D) The 'truth' is always socially constructed.
23. Most people/the most people believe that marriage/the marriage and family life/the family life are the basis of society/the society.(write the sentence correctly)
- (A) The most people believe that the marriage and family life are the basis of the society.
 - (B) Most people believe that marriage and family life are the basis of society.
 - (C) Most people believe that marriage and family life are basis of the society.
 - (D) None of the above
24. "Hermeneutic Circle" was concept first developed by
- (A) Dilthey
 - (B) Heidegger
 - (C) Schleiermacher
 - (D) Hans George Gadamer
25. The Bretton Woods agreement...
- (A) Led to a campaign to save the rainforest.
 - (B) Was a deal between developed nations to keep the Third World in poverty.
 - (C) Led to the establishment of the World Wildlife Fund (WWF).
 - (D) Led to the establishment of the International Monetary Fund (IMF).
26. The company has rejected the workers' demandsa rise Pay. (Use correct preposition)
- (A) for, in
 - (B) to, in
 - (C) in, for
 - (D) of, for
27. Which is/are the basic premises of Positivism?
- (A) Patterns and regularities in the social world
 - (B) Objective reality
 - (C) Application of tools and techniques in social sciences
 - (D) All the above
28. 'Structural adjustment' programmes require that...
- (A) Governments of poor countries should adopt privatization and other 'liberalizing' measures.
 - (B) Governments of poor countries should knock down all ugly or dilapidated buildings.
 - (C) States with weak economies should redistribute more resources to the poor.
 - (D) Ministers in under-performing countries should go on diets and keep fit.

29. I can't find my binoculars. Do you know where -----?
 (A) they are (B) it is (C) these are (D) those are
30. The concept of "Maximising Utility" is associated with
 (A) Institutional Analysis (B) Behaviouralism
 (C) Rational choice Model (D) All the above
31. Which are the practical ethical principles that shape morality in political research?
 (A) Truthfulness and Thoroughness (B) Objectivity and Relevance
 (C) Both (A) and (B) (D) None
32. Which is not correct?
 (A) Independent variable – Causal element in the hypothesis
 (B) Continuous variables – Vary only in specific steps
 (C) Intervening variable – Control Variable
 (D) Study Variable – Researcher is trying to discover
33. She told me her address, ---- I wrote down on a piece of paper.
 (A) that (B) which
 (C) then (D) none of the above
34. A powerful tool to compare the scores of more than two groups
 (A) ANOVA (B) AREVA (C) AVAST (D) AVIVA
35. Which of the following is NOT associated with the "Measures of Central Tendency"?
 (A) Arithmetic Mean (B) Median
 (C) Mode (D) Range
36. Early morning. (Probably/leaving/will/be)
 (A) Will be probably leaving (B) Will leaving probably be
 (C) Probably will leaving be (D) Will probably be leaving
37. Which is NOT CORRECT regarding qualitative research?
 (A) ONTOLOGY – Multiple subjectively derived realities
 (B) AXIOLOGY – Value-laden and biased fashion
 (C) RHETORIC – Formal and Rule based language
 (D) METHODOLOGY – Induction

38. The positivist tradition is associated with
 (A) Vienna (B) Berlin (C) Paris (D) Madrid
39. Which one is the correct order of the contents of the research report?
 (A) Abstract-Rationale for the study-Methodology-Appendices
 (B) Abstract- Appendices- Methodology- Rationale for the study
 (C) Appendices- Methodology- Rationale for the study- Abstract
 (D) Appendices- Rationale for the study- Methodology- Abstract
40. Which is closely connected with **QUANTITATIVE** research?
 (A) Historical Research Methods (B) Case Study Methods
 (C) Grounded Theory Methods (D) Survey Methods
41. Which from the following is not a means of international conflict resolution?
 (A) Negotiation (B) Arbitration (C) Conciliation (D) Trade
42. This is related to some abstract idea(s) or theory. It is generally used by philosophers and thinkers to develop new concepts or to reinterpret existing ones. the above description corresponds with which of the following:
 (A) Analytical research (B) Descriptive research
 (C) Conceptual research (D) Empirical research
43. Non-participant direct observation, Mass observation, Mail questionnaire, Participant observation methods are used in which type of research?
 (A) library research (B) field research
 (C) laboratory research (D) none of these
44. He can play _ flute.(use appropriate article)
 (A) a (B) an
 (C) the (D) none of the above
45. This is the boy _ exercise is done well. (Use correct relative pronoun)
 (A) his (B) whose (C) whom (D) who
46. Building a theory based on testing of hypothesis and upheld several times, it may be possible for the researcher to arrive at...
 (A) Interpretation (B) Generalization
 (C) Hypothesis (D) None of these

47. I don't think I _ be able to go.(use appropriate modal verb)
 (A) shall (B) will (C) could (D) can
48. The Asia-Pacific Economic Cooperation (APEC) forum...
 (A) Is part of a more general trend towards regional blocs.
 (B) Account for over half of the world's GDP.
 (C) Have member states which include authoritarian regimes as well as democracies.
 (D) All of the above.
49. The European Union....
 (A) Can do nothing unless all of its member states agree.
 (B) Is under the complete control of unelected bureaucrats.
 (C) Requires member states to 'pool' sovereignty in a number of policy areas.
 (D) Has already developed all of the key features of a centralised, unitary state.
50. List of books, journals, reports etc. Consulted, should be given in the end. It is known as...
 (A) Dictionary (B) Reference
 (C) Bibliography (D) None of these
51. One who is neither intelligent nor dull
 (A) Tolerable (B) commoner (C) mediocre (D) diligent
52. Equal in rank, merit or quality
 (A) chum (B) contemporary (C) peer (D) colleague
53. Person who gives written testimony for use in a law court
 (A) deponent (B) appellant (C) witness (D) litigant
54. Present opposing arguments or evidence
 (A) rebut (B) criticize (C) rebuff (D) reprimand
55. Which of the following statement is correct?
 (A) Modem is a software
 (B) Modem helps in stabilizing the voltage
 (C) Modem is the operating system
 (D) Modem converts the analogue signal into digital signal and vice-versa

56. Which of the following is the appropriate definition of a computer?
- (A) Computer is a machine that can process information.
 - (B) Computer is an electronic device that can store, retrieve and process both qualitative and quantitative data quickly and accurately.
 - (C) Computer is an electronic device that can store, retrieve and quickly process only quantitative data.
 - (D) Computer is a machine that can store, retrieve and process quickly and accurately only qualitative information
57. Which of the following is the appropriate format of URL?
- (A) www_mail.com
 - (B) www@mail.com
 - (C) WWW@mail.com
 - (D) www.mail.com
58. The University Grants Commission was constituted on the recommendation of:
- (A) Dr. Sarvapalli Radhakrishnan Commission
 - (B) Mudaliar Commission
 - (C) Sargent Commission
 - (D) Kothari Commission
59. Which one of the following can be termed as verbal communication?
- (A) Prof. Sharma delivered the lecture in the class room.
 - (B) Signal at the cross-road changed from green to orange.
 - (C) The child was crying to attract the attention of the mother.
 - (D) Dipak wrote a letter for leave application.
60. Research can be classified as:
- (A) Basic, Applied and Action Research
 - (B) Quantitative and Qualitative Research
 - (C) Philosophical, Historical, Survey and Experimental Research
 - (D) All the above
61. Which of the following statements is correct?
- (A) Objectives of research are stated in first chapter of the thesis
 - (B) Researcher must possess analytical ability
 - (C) Variability is the source of problem
 - (D) All the above
62. Which one of the following does Professor Fisher has not enumerated three principles of experimental design?
- (A) The principle of Replication
 - (B) The principle of Ramdamization
 - (C) Principle of Local Control
 - (D) Principle of pre-planned research

63. Which one of the following is not part of the tests of Sound Measurement?
 (A) Test of respondent (B) Test of validity
 (C) Test of practicality (D) Test of reliability
64. Which one of the following form the widely used classification of measurement scales?
 (A) situation (B) measurer (C) ratio scale (D) instrument
65. Which one of the following is an experimental design frequently used in agricultural research?
 (A) Latin Square Design (B) Factorial Design
 (C) Randomized Block Design (D) Random Replication Design
66. Which one of the following concerns with the questions of how many items are to be observed and how the information and data are to be analysed?
 (A) The operational design (B) The statistical design
 (C) The observational design (D) The sampling design
67. When a study is designed to look at the relationships between two or more variables. A public opinion poll that compares what proportion of males and females say they would vote for a Democratic or a Republican candidate in the next presidential election is essentially studying the relationship between gender and voting preference.
 (A) relational (B) causal (C) practical (D) descriptive
68. The first step of research is:
 (A) Selecting a problem (B) Searching a problem
 (C) Finding a problem (D) Identifying a problem
69. According to Aristotle, the best constitution should adopt the principle of,
 (A) stability (B) mean (C) extreme (D) perfection
70. The term gender gap is used in political science context to refer to the differences in survey response data from men and women in which of the following areas'
 (1) The relative importance of domestic versus foreign policy issues
 (2) Attitude regarding such issues as gun control or pornography
 (3) Specific foreign policy issues such as military issues
 (A) 1 only (B) 2 only (C) 1 and 3 only (D) 1,2 and 3
71. Which of the following ideologies that basic economic condition determines political structure?
 (A) Liberalism (B) Fascism (C) Conservatism (D) Marxism

72. Which one of the following is most likely to contribute to the continuation of the two party systems?
- (A) Extreme political homogeneity
 (B) Single-member legislative districts
 (C) Proportional representation
 (D) A written constitution
73. Who was nominated as a permanent member of constitutional assembly?
- (A) Dr. Rajender Parsad (B) Dr. S. Radhakrishnan
 (C) Mahatma Gandhi (D) Dr. B.R. Ambedkar
74. Constitution of India was made in
- (A) 2 years 11 months 18 days (B) 1 years 11 months 18 days
 (C) 3 years 11 months 18 days (D) None of these
75. After 42nd amendment the first line of Indian preamble is "we people of India _____"
- (A) Sovereign (B) Secularism
 (C) Democratic (D) All of these
76. Right to freedom of religion is written in
- (A) Article 25 – 29 (B) Article 14 – 18
 (C) Article 56 (D) Article 51
77. According to act 28, which type of education is resisted in educational institution?
- (A) Education of specific religion (B) Navy Education
 (C) Moral Education (D) Sex Education
78. In which country Non-Muslim are not allowed?
- (A) USA (B) Saudi Arabia
 (C) India (D) None of these
79. How many language are mentioned in the 8th schedule
- (A) 14 (B) 15 (C) 13 (D) 22
80. Which of the following are included in right to freedom of religion?
- (A) Right to freedom of conscience
 (B) Freedom against forced religious instructions
 (C) Practice & propagation of religion
 (D) All of these

81. Non-interference means:-
(A) Respect the sentiments of all religion
(B) Respect only one religion
(C) Both (A) & (B)
(D) None of these
82. History provides many examples of discrimination, exclusion and persecution on the ground of
(A) Exclusion (B) Religion (C) Law (D) Caste
83. Separation of same religion from the state in democratic societies is because of-
(A) To interrupt religious teaching
(B) To protect the freedom of individual exit from their religion
(C) Both (A) & (B)
(D) None of these
84. Most children in govt. schools have to begin their school day reciting the 'pledge of allegiance'. The children are of:-
(A) USA (B) Brazil (C) New Zealand (D) None of these
85. In USA, separation between state & religion means
(A) Prohibition free exercise of religion
(B) Respect an religion
(C) Neither the state nor the religion can interfere in affair of one another
(D) None of these
86. France passed a law banning students from wearing any conspicuous religious signs or symbols in year
(A) Feb 2004 (B) Jan 2007 (C) Dec 2006 (D) Dec 2007
87. France had faced a shortage of workers in year:-
(A) 1972 (B) 1960 (C) 1970 (D) 1947
88. Pondicherry was a colony of which of the following powers
(A) British (B) French (C) German (D) Roman
89. Separation of religion from the state means
(A) Socialism (B) Democracy (C) secularism (D) All of these

90. Although many of Karl Marx's critics claim that his work is no longer relevant, it is difficult for anyone seriously to dispute its value as a tool to help explain what?
- (A) The much-improved living standards of workers throughout the world.
 - (B) The survival of the United Nations.
 - (C) The process of 'globalization'
 - (D) The collapse of Communist regimes in Eastern Europe.
91. Recent Marxist-inspired theorists have argued what?
- (A) Many developing countries are still living with the legacy of Western imperialism.
 - (B) The capitalist world economy transcends individual nation states.
 - (C) Eurocentric explanations of international political economy are open to serious objections.
 - (D) All of the above.
92. Why have Liberals found it difficult to embrace multiculturalism?
- (A) It denies that the state can be of neutral arbiter of disputes
 - (B) It denies that even minorities can have rights.
 - (C) It implies the toleration of certain illiberal practices.
 - (D) It seeks to impose religious uniformity.
93. Islamic fundamentalism can accurately be described as...
- (A) a uniquely violent and barbaric movement.
 - (B) a 'modern' movement which is opposed to modernity.
 - (C) a movement without rational and constructive political goals.
 - (D) a purely religious phenomenon.
94. Feminist theories of international relations...
- (A) are essentially all variants of liberalism.
 - (B) are solely concerned with the role of women in international relations.
 - (C) bring a range of perspectives to bear on the problem of 'patriarchy'.
 - (D) argue that war is a natural activity for males.
95. In international relations, postmodernism is characterized by which of the following?
- (A) An attempt to present an all-embracing explanation of international politics.
 - (B) A range of challenges to the assumptions of 'modernity'.
 - (C) An attempt to persuade policy-makers to adopt a more rational view of the world.
 - (D) A programme of constructive reforms to make the world a much happier place.

96. Which of the following is a common criticism of postmodernism?
- (A) It over-simplifies highly complex phenomena.
 - (B) It tends towards relativism and nihilism.
 - (C) It is too heavily influenced by liberal presuppositions.
 - (D) It overlooks the relationship between knowledge and power.
97. What did Edward Said's Orientalism argue?
- (A) Europeans have tended to define themselves in opposition to the 'oriental' other.
 - (B) Leyton Orient is the world's finest football team.
 - (C) European culture is superior to Eastern culture
 - (D) Over the centuries European commentators and politicians have tried too hard to appease militant Islam.
98. Why can postcolonial critiques of traditional international relations themselves be questioned?
- (A) They are too nostalgic about the British Empire
 - (B) They are unthinkingly hostile towards Islam.
 - (C) They can romanticize non-Western perspectives.
 - (D) They overlook the differences between Western and non-Western cultures.
99. Students of international relations should...
- (A) Endorse liberal perspectives, because these reflect the dominant ideology of the West.
 - (B) Endorse postmodernism because this will make them look trendy.
 - (C) Examine closely the full range of approaches before deciding if one of them is more persuasive than the others.
 - (D) Reject realism because it is immoral.
100. Which of the following was an important figure in the development of liberal perspectives on international politics?
- (A) Hugo Grotius
 - (B) Samuel Puffandpant
 - (C) Thomas Hobbes
 - (D) All of the above